

# 1000 Homes and Counting: 5+ Years of Lessons Learned

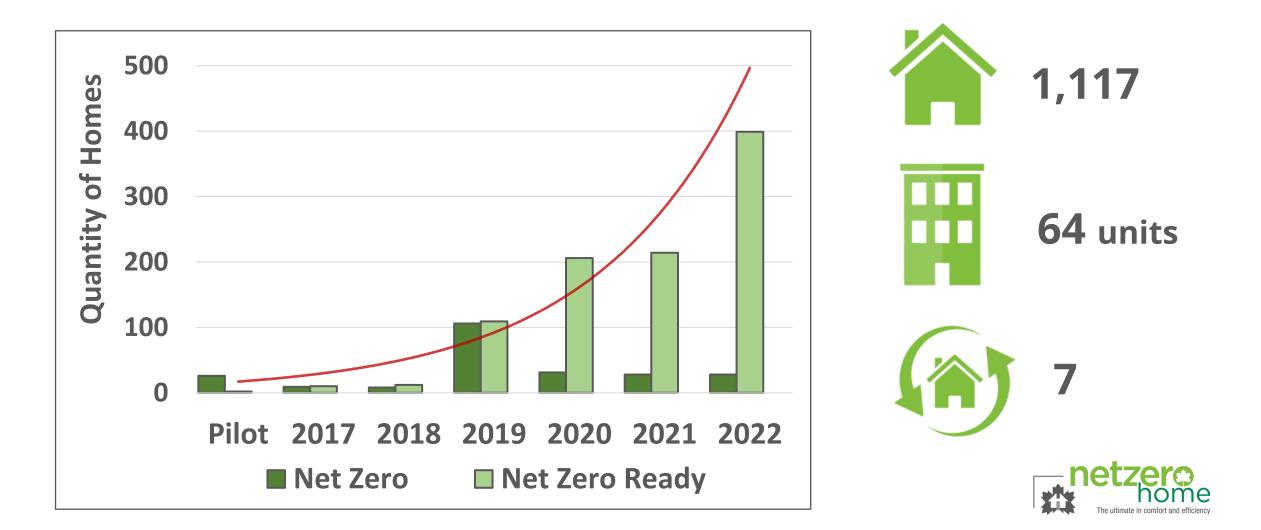
CANADIAN HOME BUILDERS' ASSOCIATION

- 1. By the Numbers
- 2. Mechanicals System Performance
- 3. Envelope Performance
- 4. Energy Performance
- 5. Performance of Homes by Province
- 6. Industry Challenges Ahead





### **CHBA Net Zero / Net Zero Ready Homes**





#### **Qualified Net Zero Participants**

#### BUILDER



### RENOVATOR







13

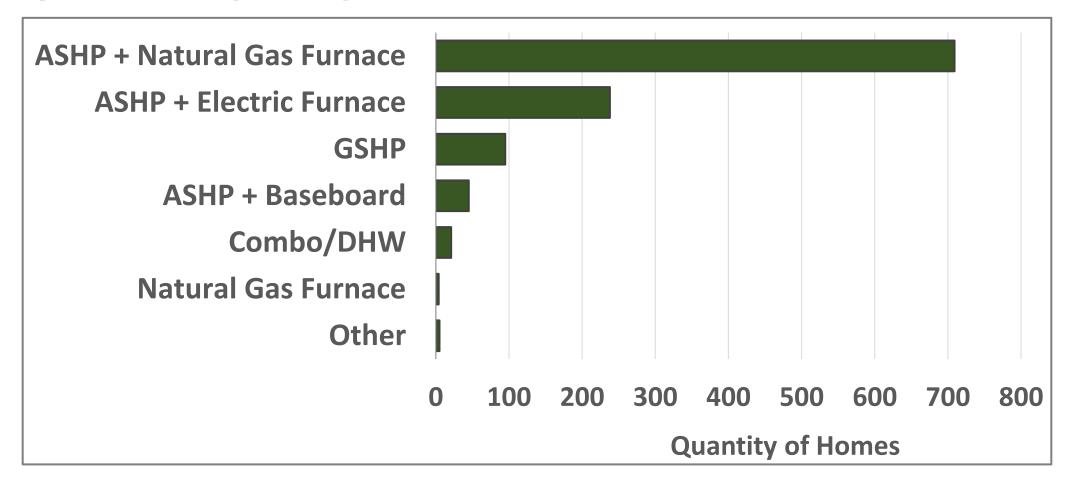
## **Mechanical Systems**

- Space Heating & Cooling
- Domestic Hot Water



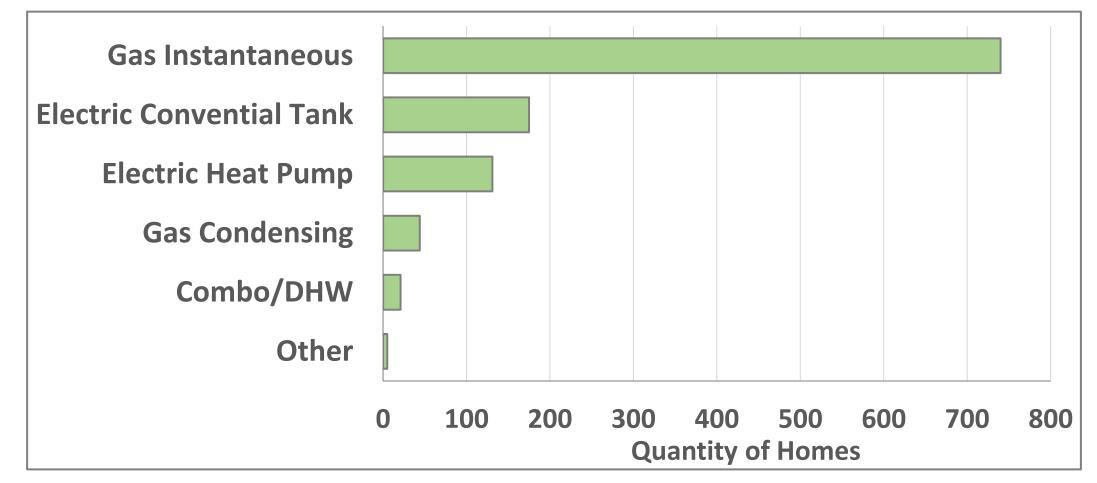
## **Mechanical Systems**

#### **Space Heating Configurations of NZ/NZr Homes**



## **Mechanical Systems**

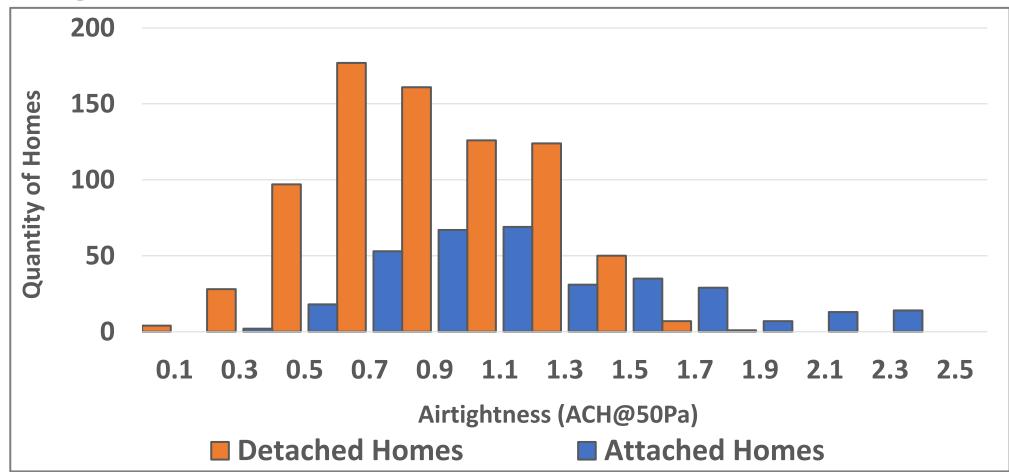
#### Water Heating Configurations of NZ/NZr Homes



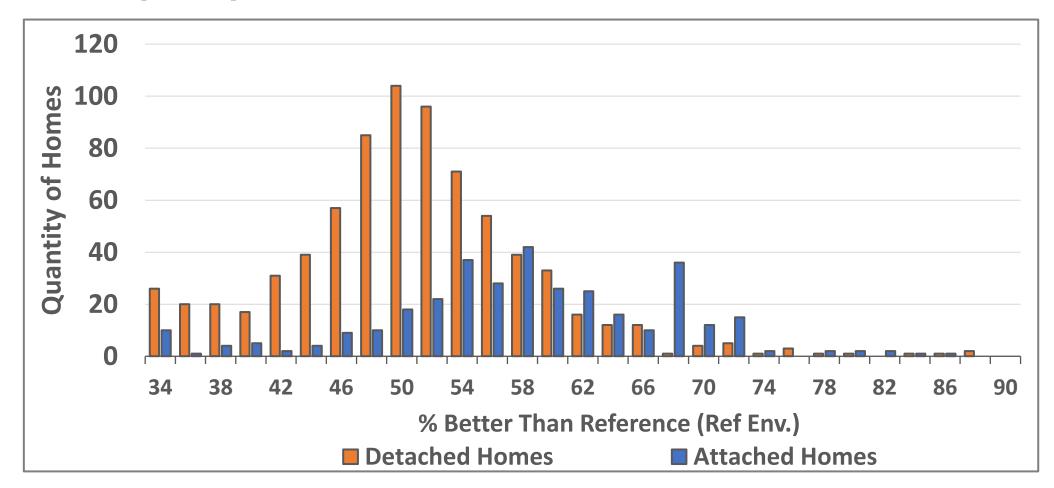
- Airtightness
- Envelope Improvement Percentage
- Building Assemblies



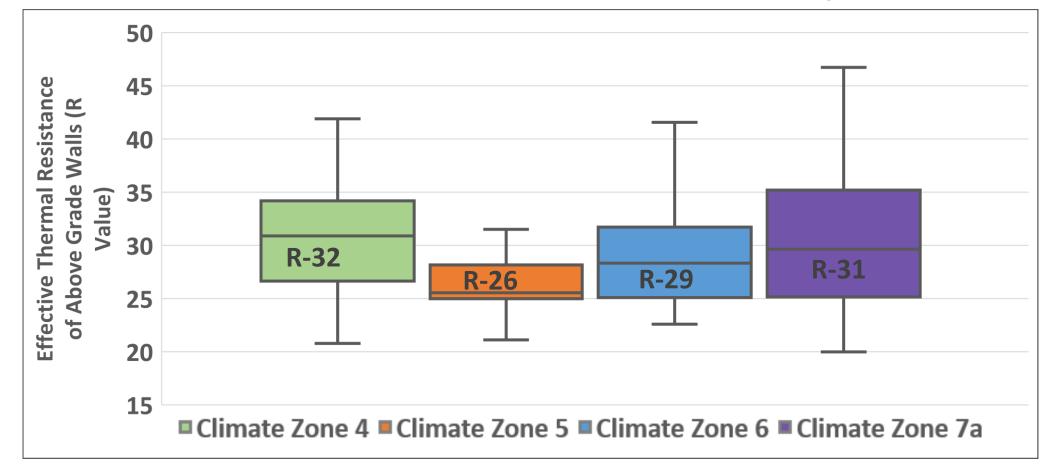
#### Airtightness



#### **Envelope Improvement over Reference House**



Thermal Resistance of Above Grade Wall Assemblies by Climate Zone



R Values in Ceilings

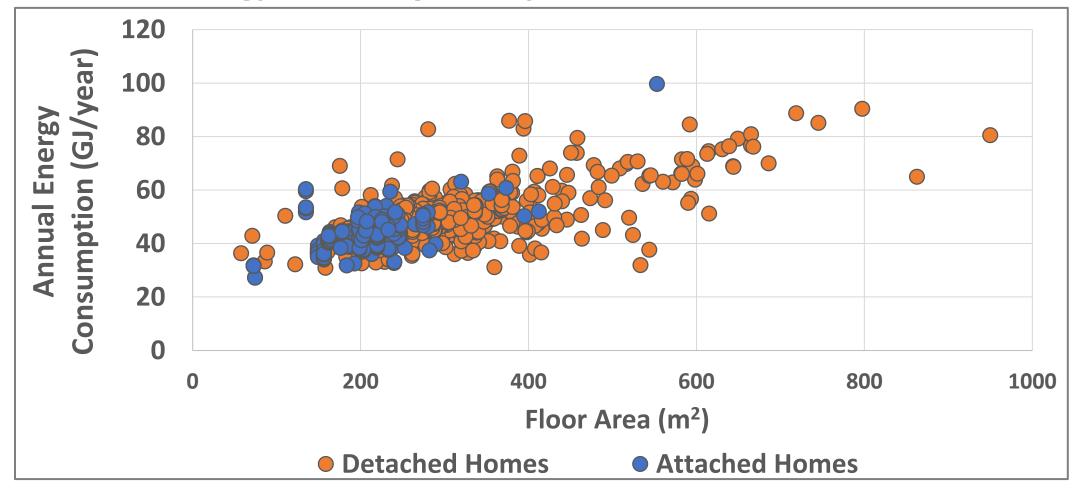
- Energy & Envelope
- Mechanicals & Renewable Energy
- Operational Carbon Emissions



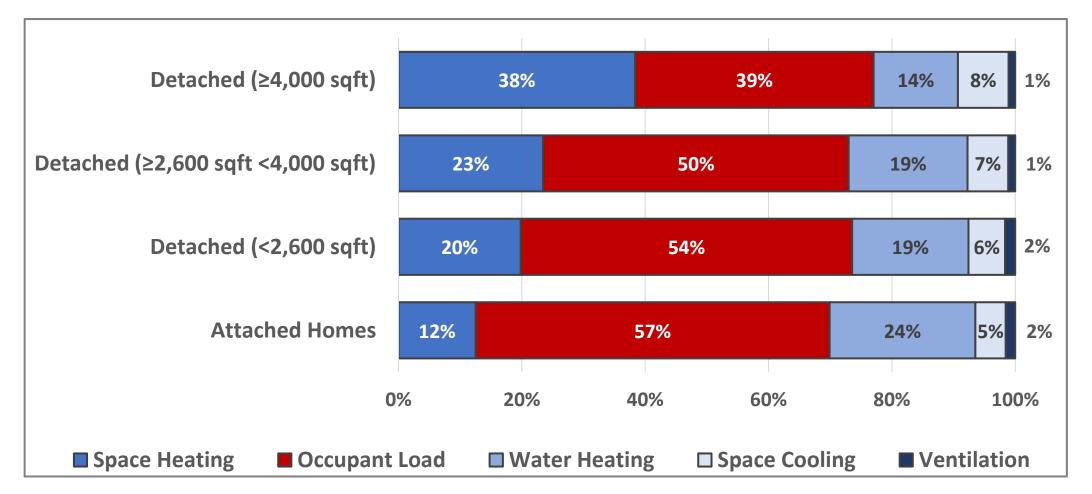
General NZ vs Code Energy Values



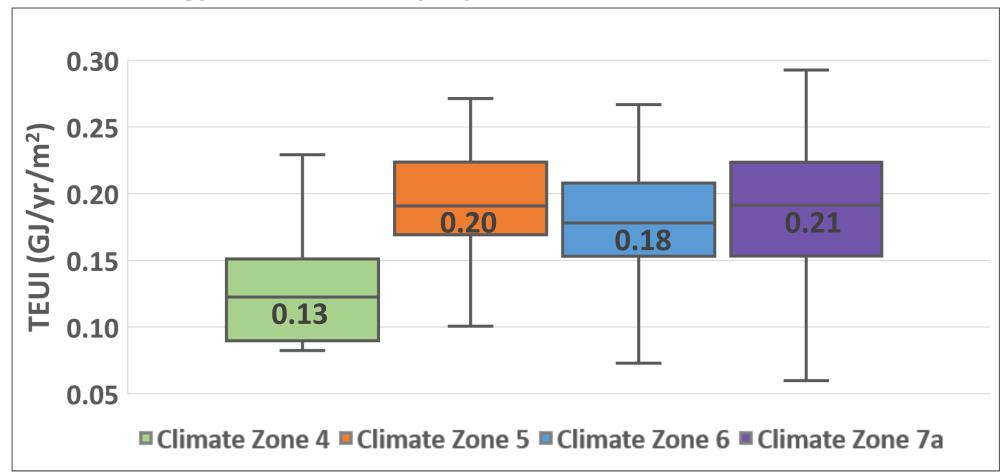
#### **Annual Energy Consumption by Floor Area**



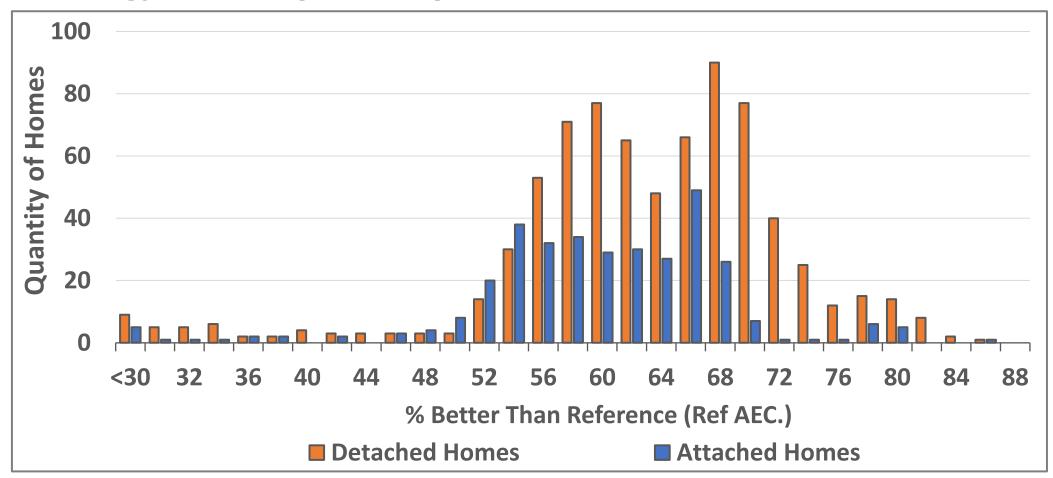
#### Average Load Distribution of Annual Energy Consumption by Floor Area



**Total Energy Use Intensity by Climate Zone (TEUI)** 

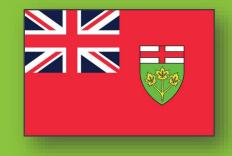


**Energy Consumption Improvement over Reference House** 



# Performance of Homes by Province

- Energy & Envelope
- Mechanicals & Renewable Energy
- Operational Carbon Emissions





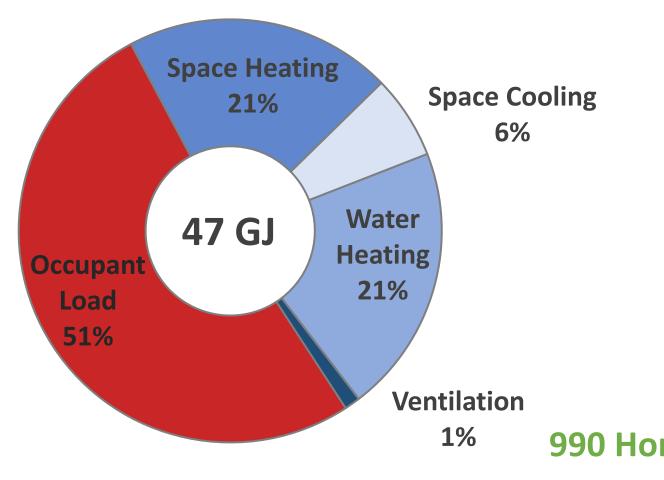




### **Average NZ/NZr Home in Ontario**



#### Energy

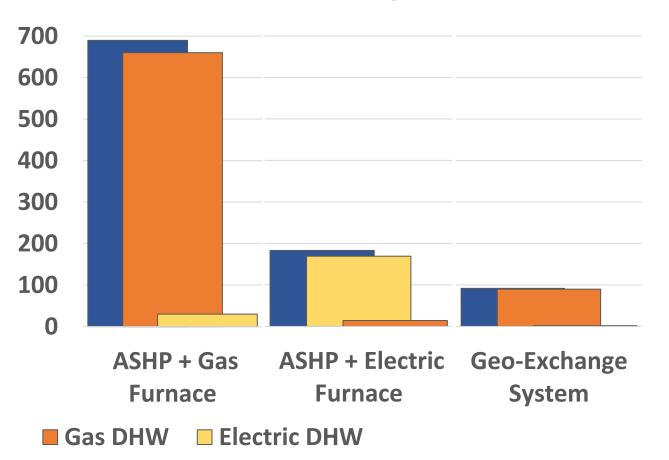


#### Envelope

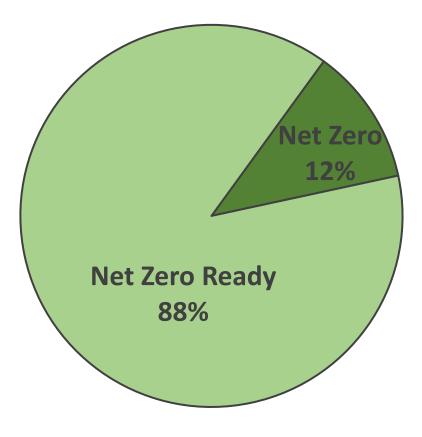
R 58
R 27
R 23
1.1 ACH@50
53%
Avg. 2,850 ft

### Average NZ/NZr Home in Ontario

#### **Mechanical Systems**

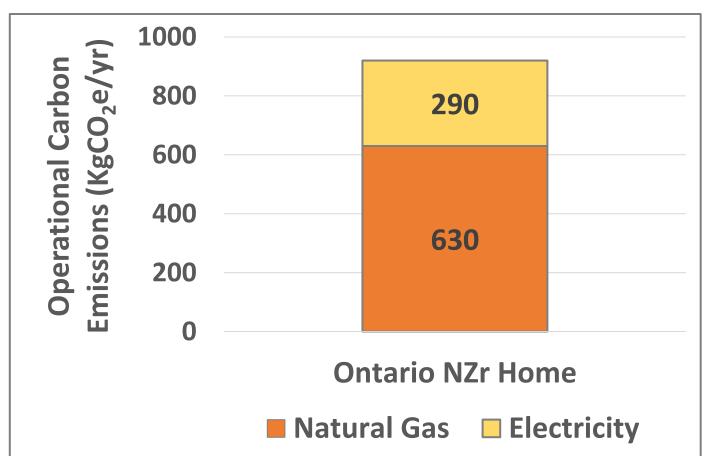


#### Net Zero vs Net Zero Ready



### Average NZ/NZr Home in Ontario

#### **Operational Carbon Emissions**



#### **Average Spec**

- Net Zero Ready
- ASHP + Gas Furnace
- Gas DHW
- Hybrid Fuel
- Floor area = 2,850sq.ft



### Average NZ/NZr Home in British Columbia

Space Cooling

6%





52 GJ

Occupant

Load

48%

Space

Heating

29%

Water

Heating

16%

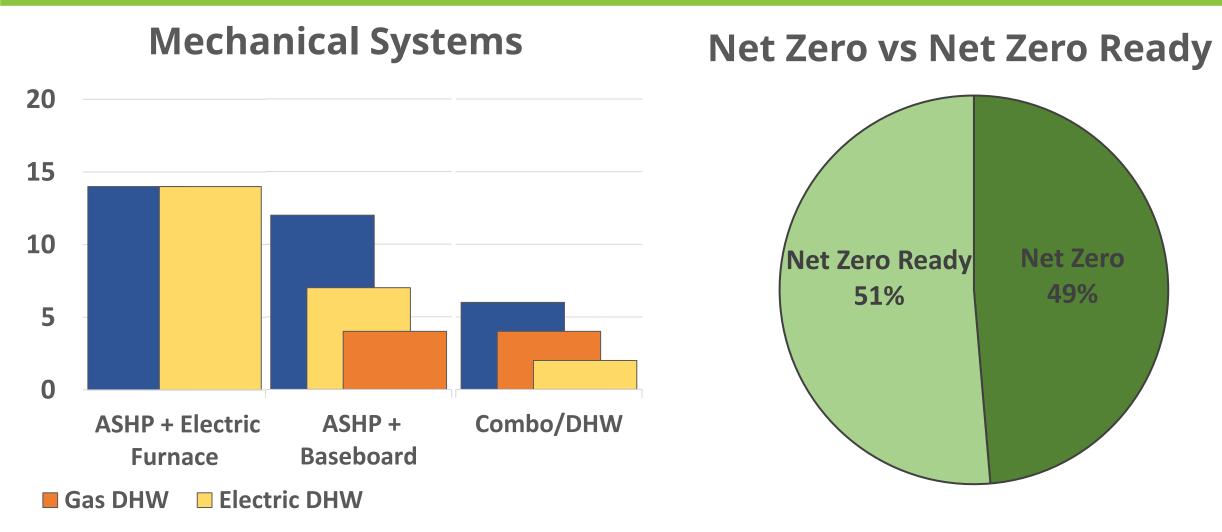
Ventilation

1%



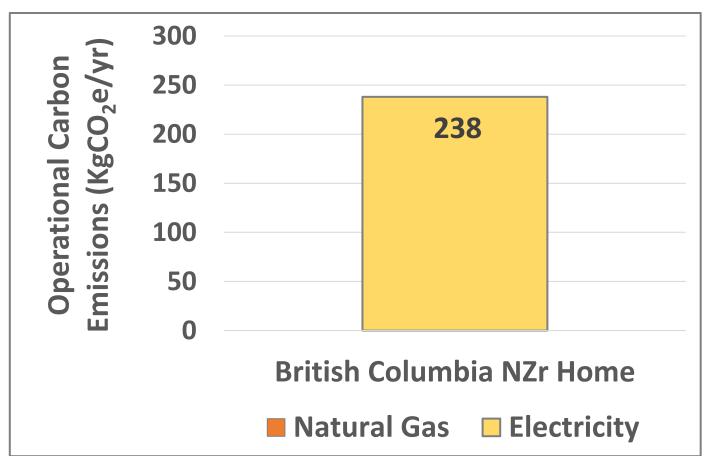
	<b>Ceiling Insulation</b>	R 56
	Wall Insulation	R 32
	Foundation Insulation	R 22
	Airtightness	0.87 ACH@50
ng	Envelope % Better	59%
37 Homes		Avg. 3,760 ft <sup>2</sup>

### Average NZ/NZr Home in British Columbia



### Average NZ/NZr Home in British Columbia

### **Operational Carbon Emissions**



#### **Average Spec**

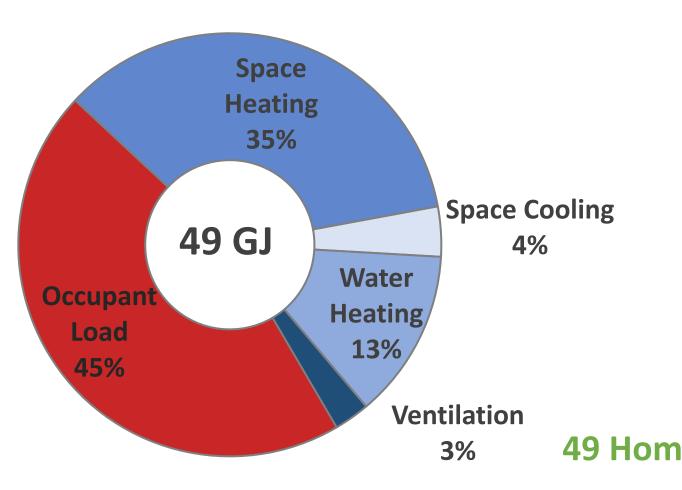
- Net Zero Ready
  - ASHP + Electric Furnace
- Electric DHW
- All-Electric
- Floor area = 3,760sq.ft



### Average NZ/NZr Home in Alberta



#### Energy

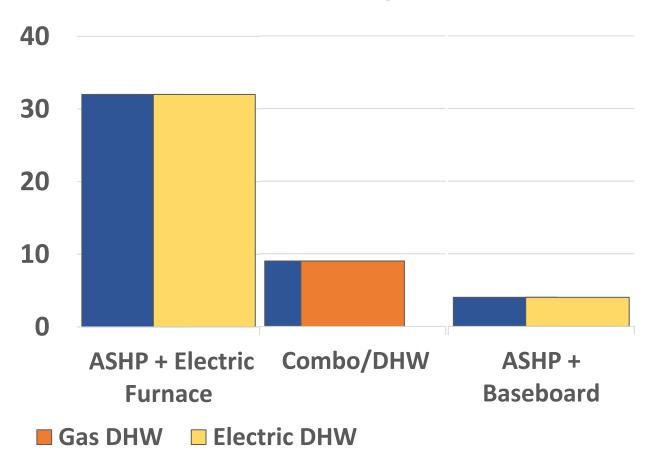


#### Envelope

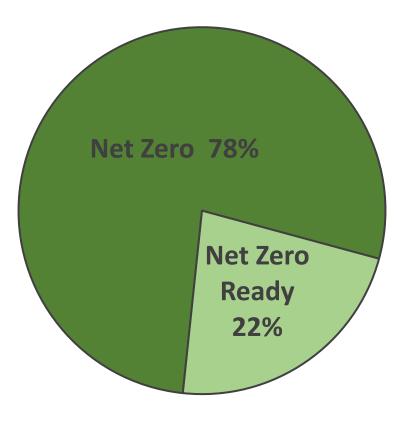
<b>Ceiling Insulation</b>	R 66
Wall Insulation	R 31
Foundation Insulation	R 27
Airtightness	0.98 ACH@50
Envelope % Better	59%
es	Avg. 2,980 ft

### Average NZ/NZr Home in Alberta

#### **Mechanical Systems**

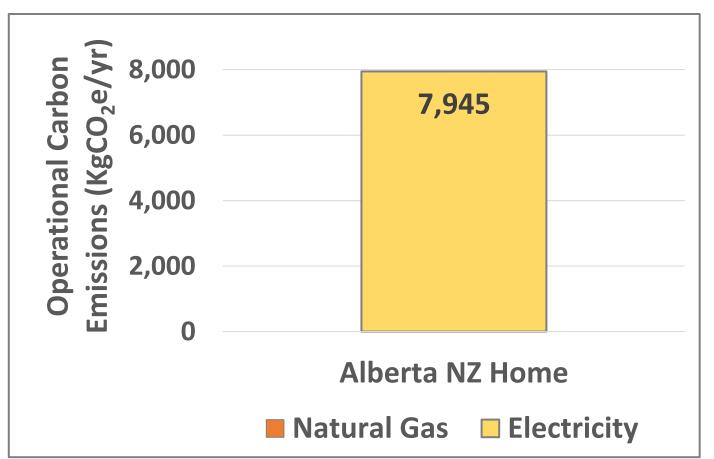


#### Net Zero vs Net Zero Ready



### Average NZ/NZr Home in Alberta

### **Operational Carbon Emissions**



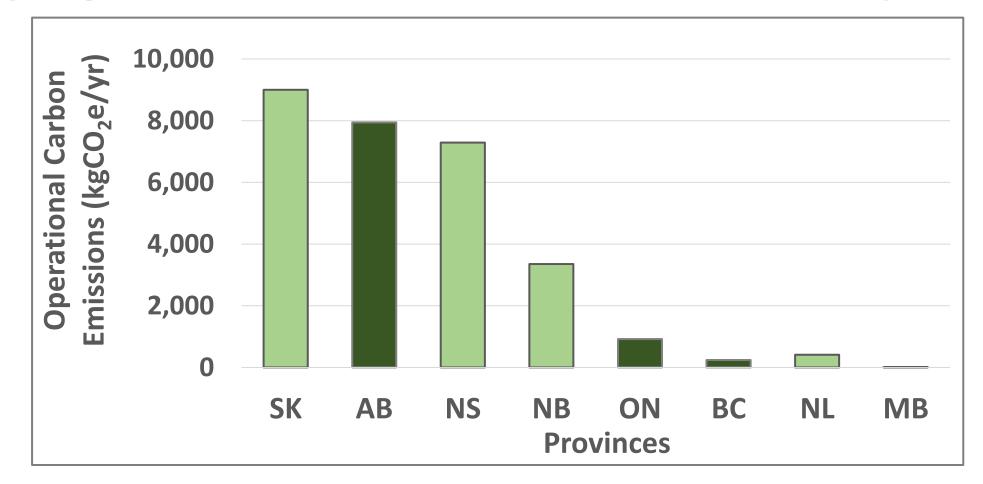
#### **Average Spec**

- Net Zero
- ASHP + Electric Furnace
- Electric DHW
- All-Electric
- Floor area = 2,980sq.ft



### **Operational Carbon Emissions**

#### **Average Operational Carbon Emissions of NZr Homes by Province**



### **2022 Summary Report**

### **Coming Soon – April 2023!**



Available for download at www.chba.ca/nzhlpsummaryreports





#### 1. Small technical details with big impacts.

- Managing SHGC so it does not contribute to overheating.
- Airtightness testing "reference house" assumption is overstated and prescriptive requirements are penalized.

#### 2. Building Science risks associated with higher performing buildings.

- Window detailing.
- Balancing of ventilation systems not well understood.
- Increased airtightness and non-optimal ventilation may increase IAQ risks such as radon.

#### 3. High Performance HVAC requires high performance design.

- Risks of short cycling, discomfort, lack of humidity control.
- Currently F280 is not being utilized uniformly across Canada.
- 4. NBC 9.36 Performance Path not widely understood by building officials and majority of builders (across the country) prefer prescriptive requirements.
  - Some provinces are only starting to enforce 2015 9.36 for the first time.

#### Solutions that the Net Zero Home Labelling Program is helping to address:

- 1. Industry Education
- 2. Optimization of building approaches.
- 3. New IAQ Guidelines will help address potential issues.

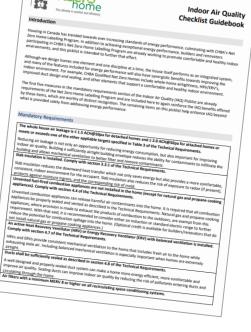


## **Program Update – Version 1.4**



### v1.4 Technical Requirements Update

- 1. Indoor Air Quality Checklist implemented in a phased approach.
  - Jan 1, 2023 Dec 31, 2023 the IAQ Checklist is optional.
  - Jan 1, 2024 onward completion of the IAQ Checklist is mandatory.



www.chba.ca/nzprogramrequirements



### v1.4 Technical Requirements Update

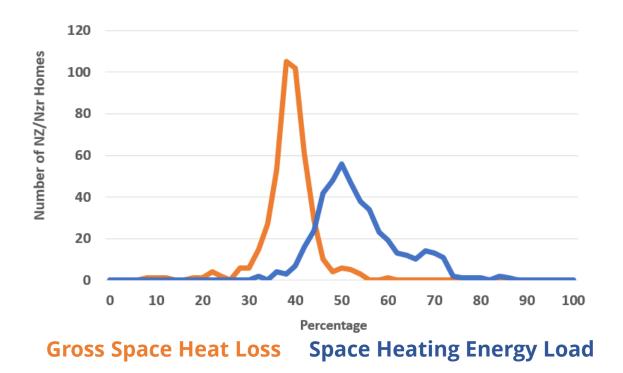
- 2. Building Envelope Performance Target implemented in a phased approach.
  - Jan 1, 2023 Dec 31, 2023 optional compliance with either target
    - $\circ$   $\geq$  33% improvement over reference house using space heating energy load.
    - $\circ$   $\geq$  25% improvement over reference house using gross space heat loss.
  - Jan 1, 2024 compliance must be achieved with:
    - $\circ \geq 30\%$  improvement over reference house using gross space heat loss.

The ultimate in comfort and efficiency

www.chba.ca/nzprogramrequirements

### Why The Envelope Update?

- Reduced workload for energy advisors.
- Alignment with other industry metrics.
- Truer measure of envelope efficiency.
- Metrics do not create a lateral comparison.





### Where to Find Us



#### **CHBA Net Zero Home Labelling Program**

#### Homes Labelled Across Canada: 1,254



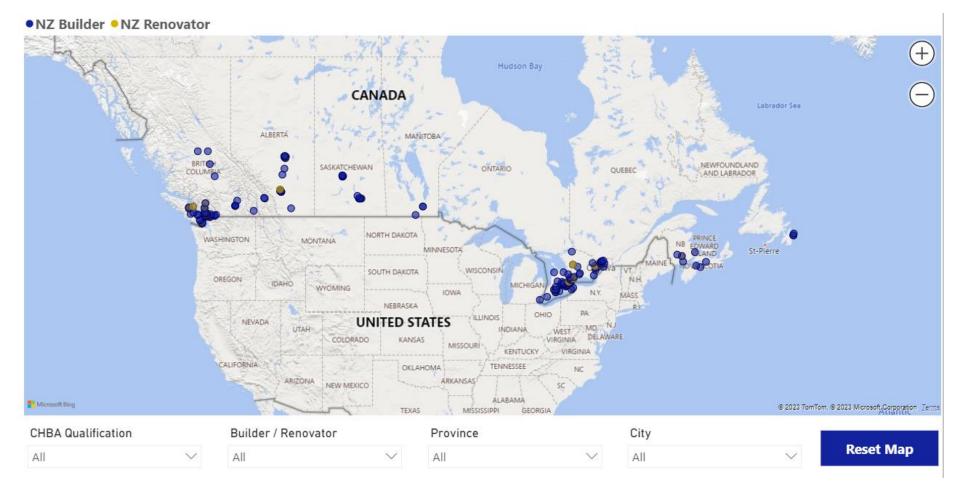
#### www.CHBA.ca/NZE

- About the Program
- How to Become Qualified
- How to Label your Home
- Training
- Program Fees
- Marketing Resources



### Where to Find Us

#### www.NetZeroHome.com





## POLL

## **Questions & Discussion**





